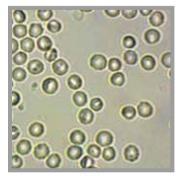
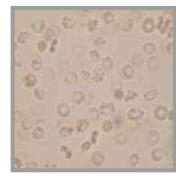


## **URINARY SEDIMENT**



Erythrocytes Acanthocytes



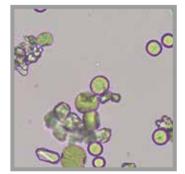
Leukocytes



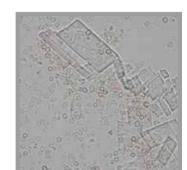
Invert the tube with the urine sample gently at room temperature several times until the sediment is dissipated.



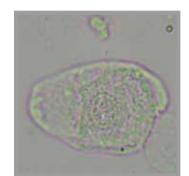
Calcium oxalate



Calcium carbonate



Cholesterol crystals



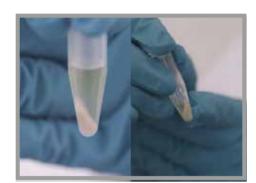
Squamous epithelial cell



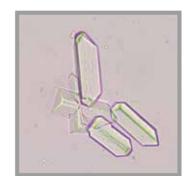
Transitional epithelial cells



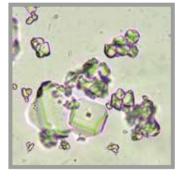
Epithelial cells, leukocytes and bacteria



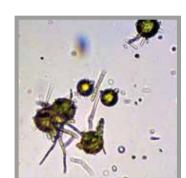
Centrifuge the urine sample at 400 g for 5 minutes to concentrate the sediment at the bottom of the tube.



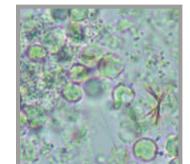
Struvite crystals



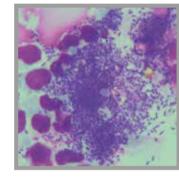
Struvite crystals in dissolution



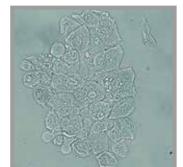
Ammonium urate



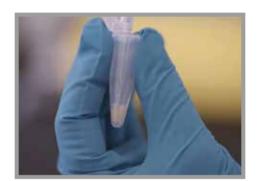
Leukocytes, bacteria and bilirubin crystals - unstained



Leukocytes, bacteria and bilirubin crystals - stained



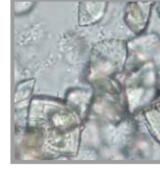
Conglomeration of desquamated epithelial cells - unstained



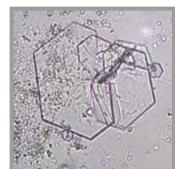
Proceed with careful resuspension of the sediment & application of approx. 25 µl of the sediment onto a labelled microscope slide.



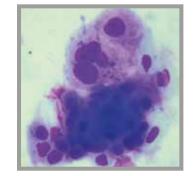
Bilirubin crystals



Uric acid crystals



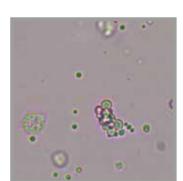
Cystine crystals



Conglomerate of desquamated epithelial cells - stained: bladder cancer



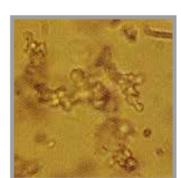
Granular cast



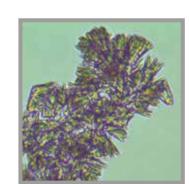
Leukocyte and fat droplets



Examine under a microscope according to a defined scheme at 100-, 200-, and 400x magnification.



Xanthin crystals



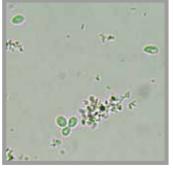
Needle-like crystals - often induced by medication



Worm egg (Capillaria plica) Urinary bladder hairworm egg



Sperm



Yeasts and bacteria

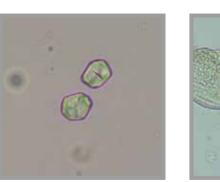


Fungal hyphae



Upload an image and description of the problem app.laboklin.com

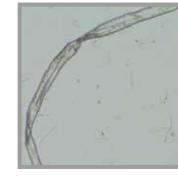
The laboratory results are usually sent on the same day!



Starch granules



Pollen



Fibre

As of: January 2024, Picture credits: Laboklin